

# **INSTITUTIONAL APPROACH AS GUARANTOR OF THE RIGHTS OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS**

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Director General

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# NATIONAL SYSTEM FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

**NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE RIGHTS OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS**

**TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT**  
(In charge of the Implementing body)

**SUBSYSTEM OF LEGAL PROTECTION**

**SUBSYSTEM OF SOCIAL PROTECTION**

**SUBSYSTEM OF JURIDICAL PROTECTION**

**General Structure**

# Example

Law 14-94 - Art. 320

The Ruling Body of the Protection System for Children and Adolescents

FORMED BY

- a. State Secretariat of Public Health and Social Welfare (SESPAS) - PRESIDES
- b. State Secretariat of Education, Arts and Cults (SEEBAC),
- c. Attorney General of the Republic
- d. National Council of Children (CONANI),
- e. Technical Secretariat of the Presidency,
- f. Two representatives of non-government organizations (NGOs) elected every two years by the general assembly of all non-government institutions.

**Example**

**REFORM OF THE CODE OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS  
BOOK 2: ON THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROTECTION ORGANIZATIONS**

**TITLE I  
ON THE PROTECTION SYSTEM OF THE RIGHTS OF CHILDREN AND  
ADOLESCENTS**

**ARTICLE 34.- DEFINITION OF THE PROTECTION SYSTEM OF THE  
RIGHTS OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS:**

The SPDNNA is the group of government and non-government institutions, organizations and entities that formulate, coordinate, integrate, supervise, implement and control all public policies, programs and activities at national, regional, provincial and municipal levels geared towards the comprehensive protection of the rights of children and adolescents.

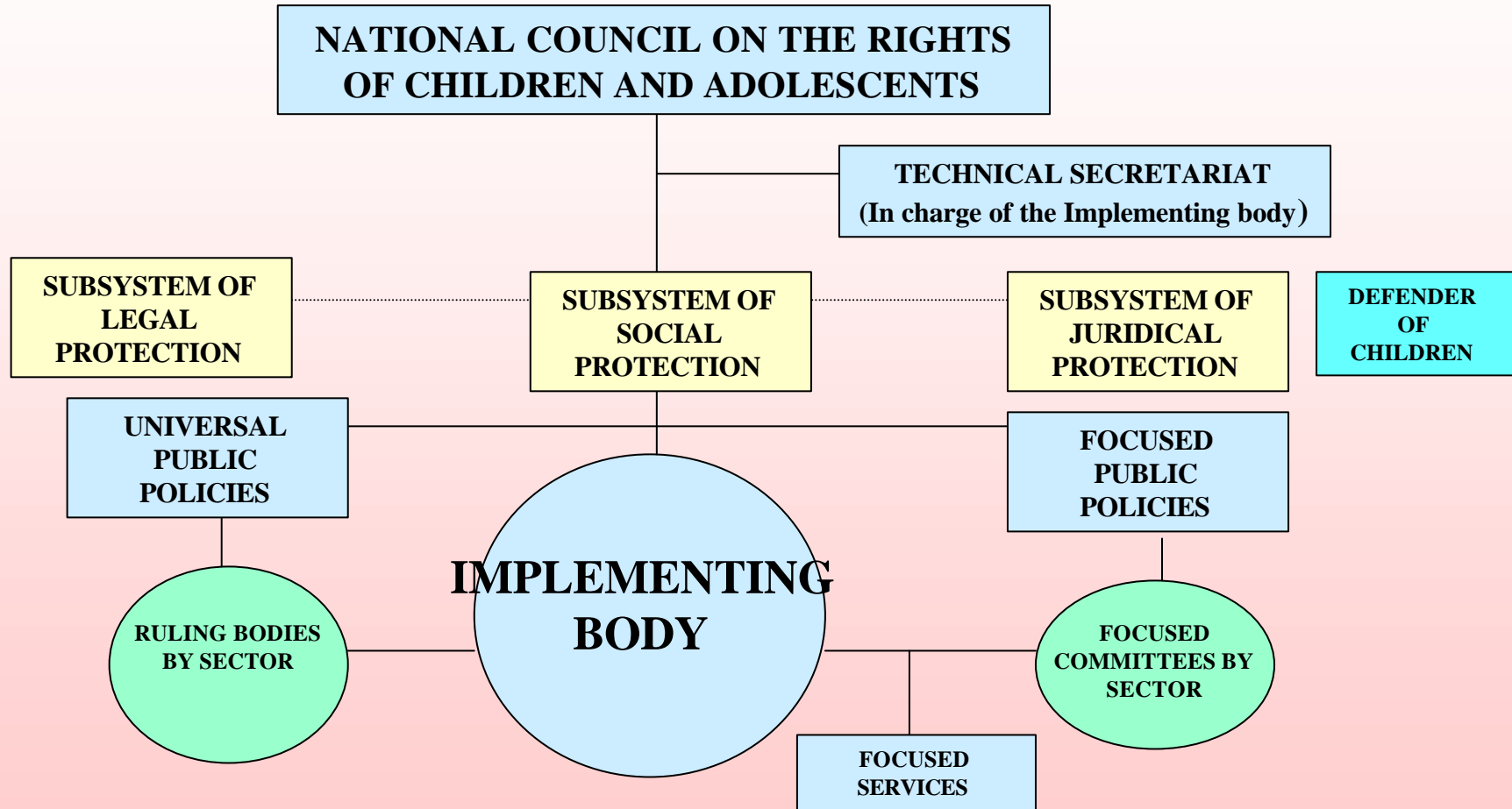
# Example

## REFORM OF THE CODE OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS - Ch. 1 ON THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS SECTION I - ON THE CREATION OF CONANI

ARTICLE 38.- The National Council on Children and Adolescent is created as a public organization attached to the State Secretariat of the Presidency, decentralized, having its own legal status, and with the power to exercise its function with full autonomy. **It is the supreme authority of the SPDNNA** and will be ruled by the present law and by the dispositions of its internal regulations.

ARTICLE 39.- FUNCTIONS OF CONANI: **At the national level, CONANI will be in charge of promoting public policies and coordinating and supervising the execution of plans and programs for the effective protection of the rights of children and adolescents.**

# NATIONAL SYSTEM FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS



**REFORM OF THE CODE OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS**  
**BOOK 2: OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROTECTION ORGANS. TITLE I**  
**OF THE PROTECTION SYSTEM OF THE RIGHTS OF CHILDREN AND**  
**ADOLESCENTS**

**Example**

**ARTICLE 35.- MECHANISMS OF THE SPDNNA:** The SPDNNA will exercise its rights through the following mechanisms:

- A.- Public policies.
- B.- Programs of protection and care.
- C.- Special protection measures.
- D.- Administrative and juridical protection organizations.
- E.- Entities and services that provide care.
- F.- Norms, procedures and sanctions.
- G.- Administrative and juridical protection measures.
- H.- Specialized human resources.
- I.- Economic resources.

**Coordination of  
the Sub-systems**

# NATIONAL SYSTEM FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

**NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE RIGHTS OF THE CHILD AND ADOLESCENT**

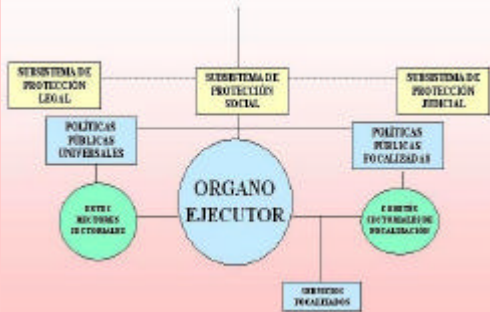
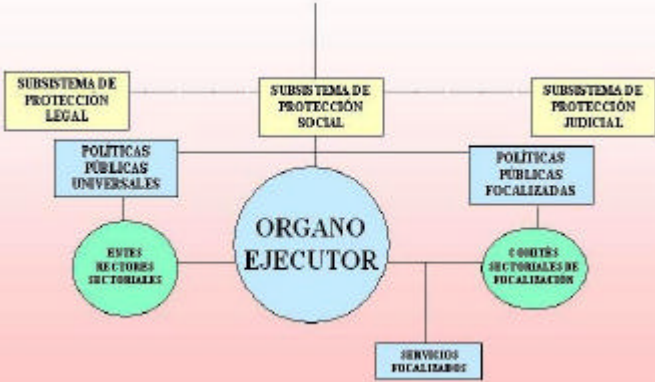
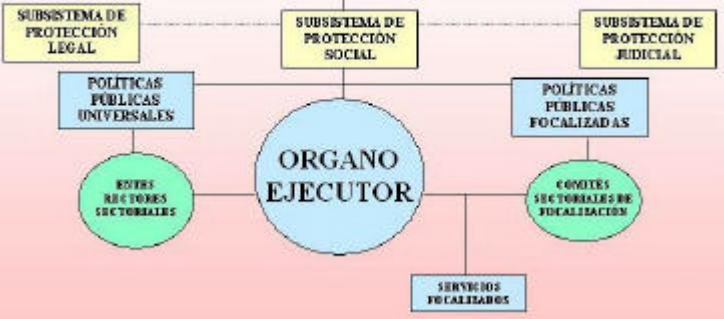
**TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT**  
In charge of the Implementing body)

**COUNCIL OF DECENTRALIZED RIGHTS**

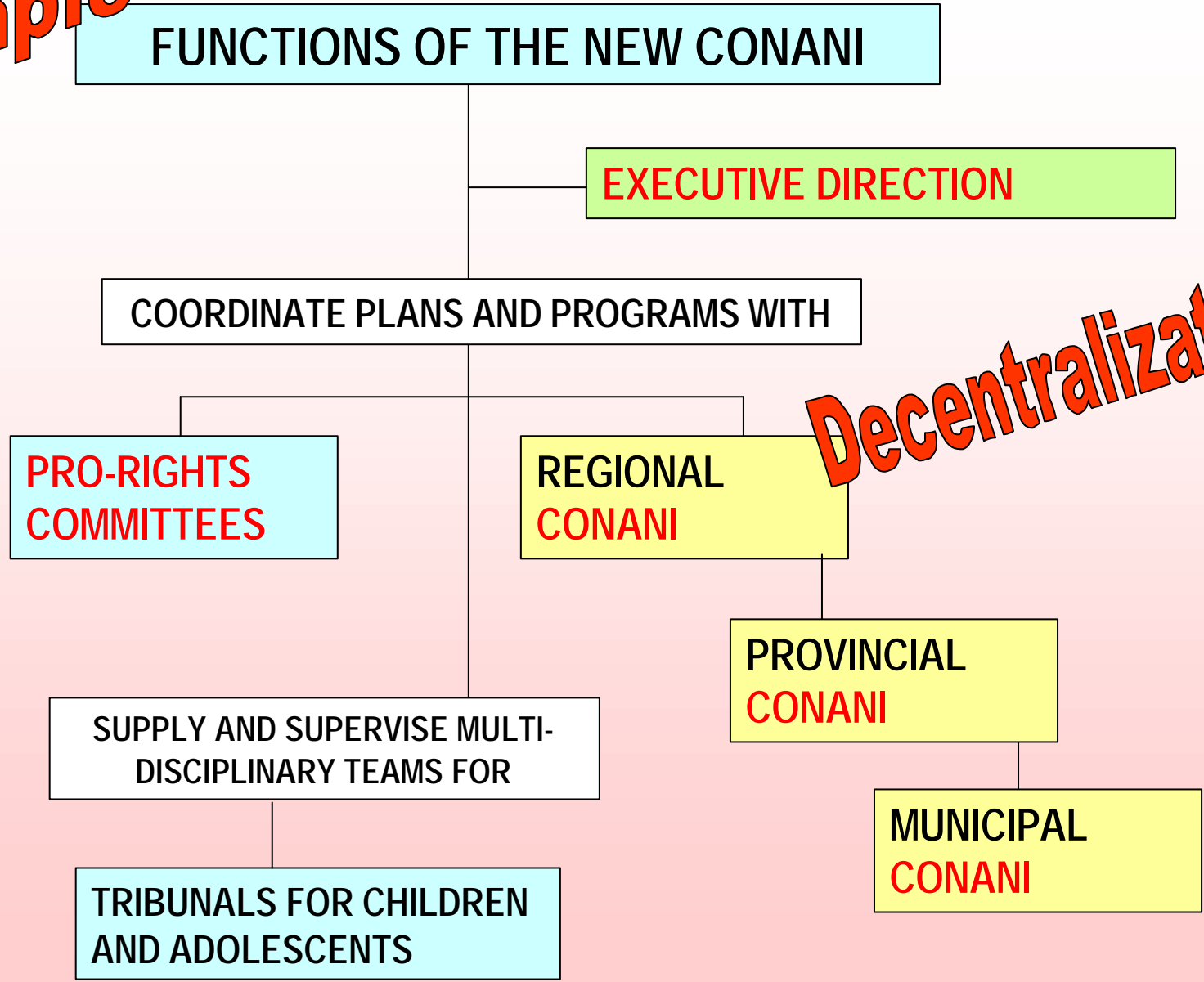
**STATE LEVEL**

**MUNICIPAL LEVEL**

**COMMUNITY LEVEL**



**Example**



**Decentralization**

**Example**

## FUNCTIONS OF THE NEW CONANI

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTION**

SET UP, DIRECT AND SUPERVISE

**LOCAL PROTECTION OFFICES**

### ARTICLE 48- FUNCTIONS OF THE LOCAL PROTECTION OFFICES:

- a) Process complaints, provide comprehensive care and follow up in cases of threat or violation of the rights of children
- b) Make administrative decisions on special protection measures in conformity with this law.
- c) Report to the public ministry all complaints against the rights of children and adolescents.
- d) Promote the resolution of family conflicts involving children and adolescents (when no penal crimes are involved).
- e) Participate as an interested party in juridical and administrative procedures involving children and adolescents in order to guarantee the protection of their rights.
- f) Make the technical analysis of the plans of action submitted by NGOs in order to obtain the Certificate of Registration.
- g) Promote inter-institutional coordination at the municipal level in order to develop local resources.
- h) Advise and promote the creation of Pro-Rights Committees at the local level.
- i) Evaluate and supervise the plans of action of the NGOs affecting children and adolescents.
- j) Other functions that will establish the internal work rules.

# NATIONAL SYSTEM FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE RIGHTS OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT (In charge of the Implementing body)

SUBSYSTEM OF SOCIAL PROTECTION

NATIONAL SYSTEM OF INFORMATION ON CHILDREN (SINAI)

UNIVERSAL PUBLIC POLICIES

FOCUSED PUBLIC POLICIES

IMPLEMENTING BODY

SYSTEM OF FOCUSED INFORMATION ON CHILDREN (SIFI)

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NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE RIGHTS OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT  
( In charge of the Implementing body )

SUBSYSTEM OF  
LEGAL  
PROTECTION

SUBSYSTEM OF  
SOCIAL  
PROTECTION

SUBSYSTEM OF  
JURIDICAL  
PROTECTION

DEFENDER  
OF  
CHILDREN

UNIVERSAL  
PUBLIC  
POLICIES

FOCUSED  
PUBLIC  
POLICIES

IMPLEMENTING  
BODY

RULING BODIES  
BY SECTOR

FOCUSED  
COMMITTEES BY  
SECTOR

FOCUSED  
SERVICES

HEALTH

EDUCATION

SPORTS AND  
LEISURE

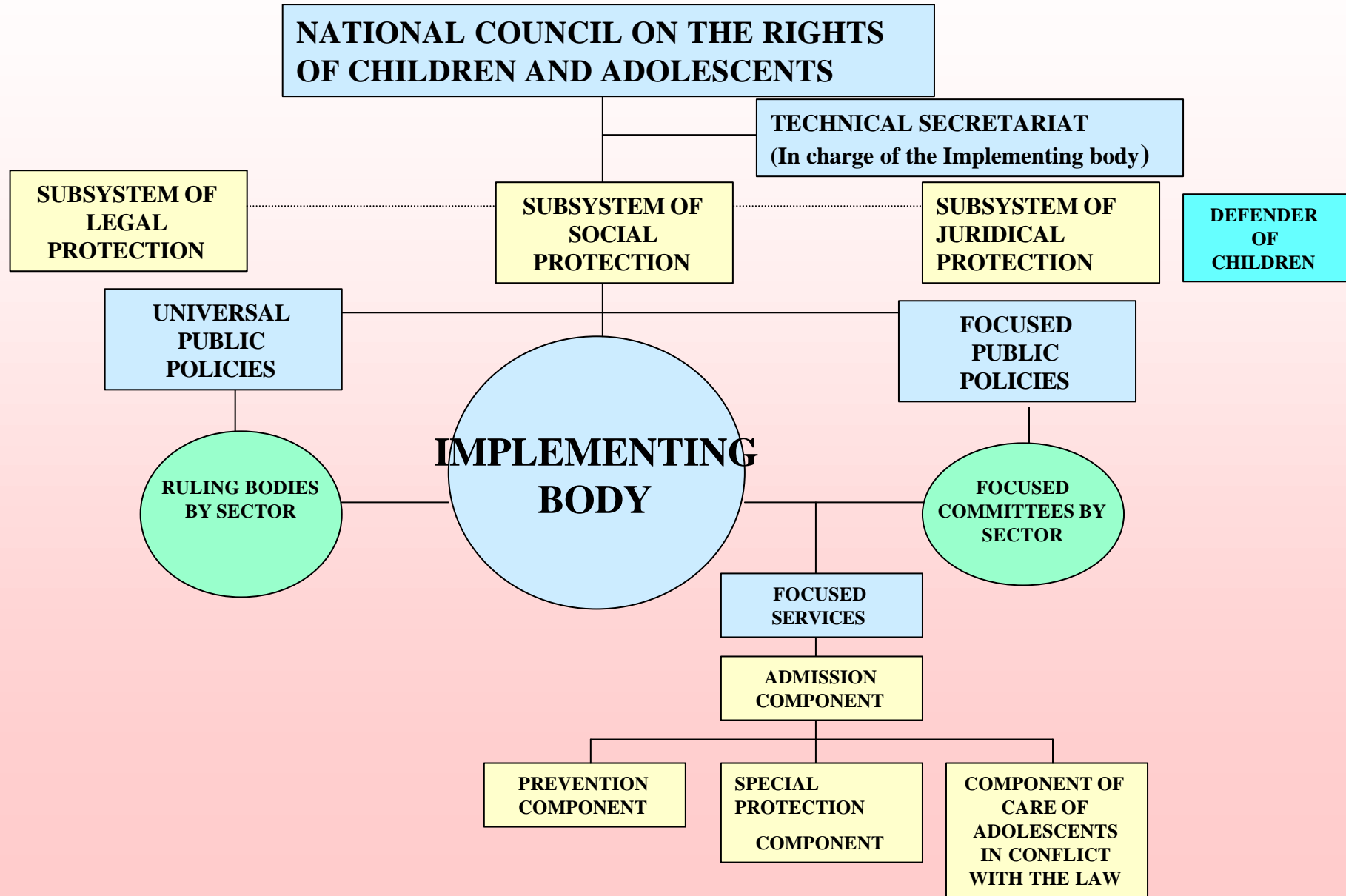
HOUSING

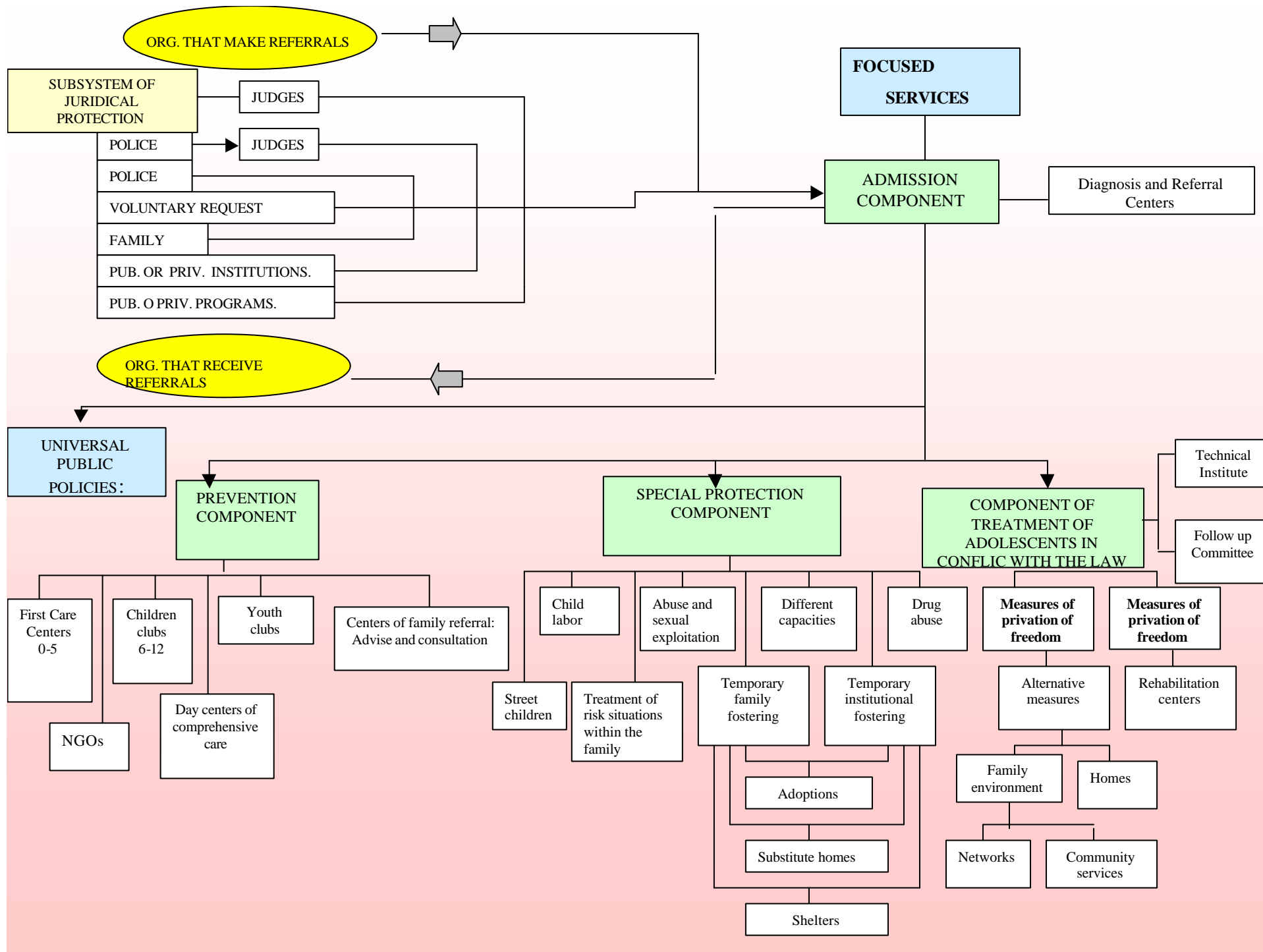
JUSTICE

LABOR AND  
SOCIAL  
WELFARE

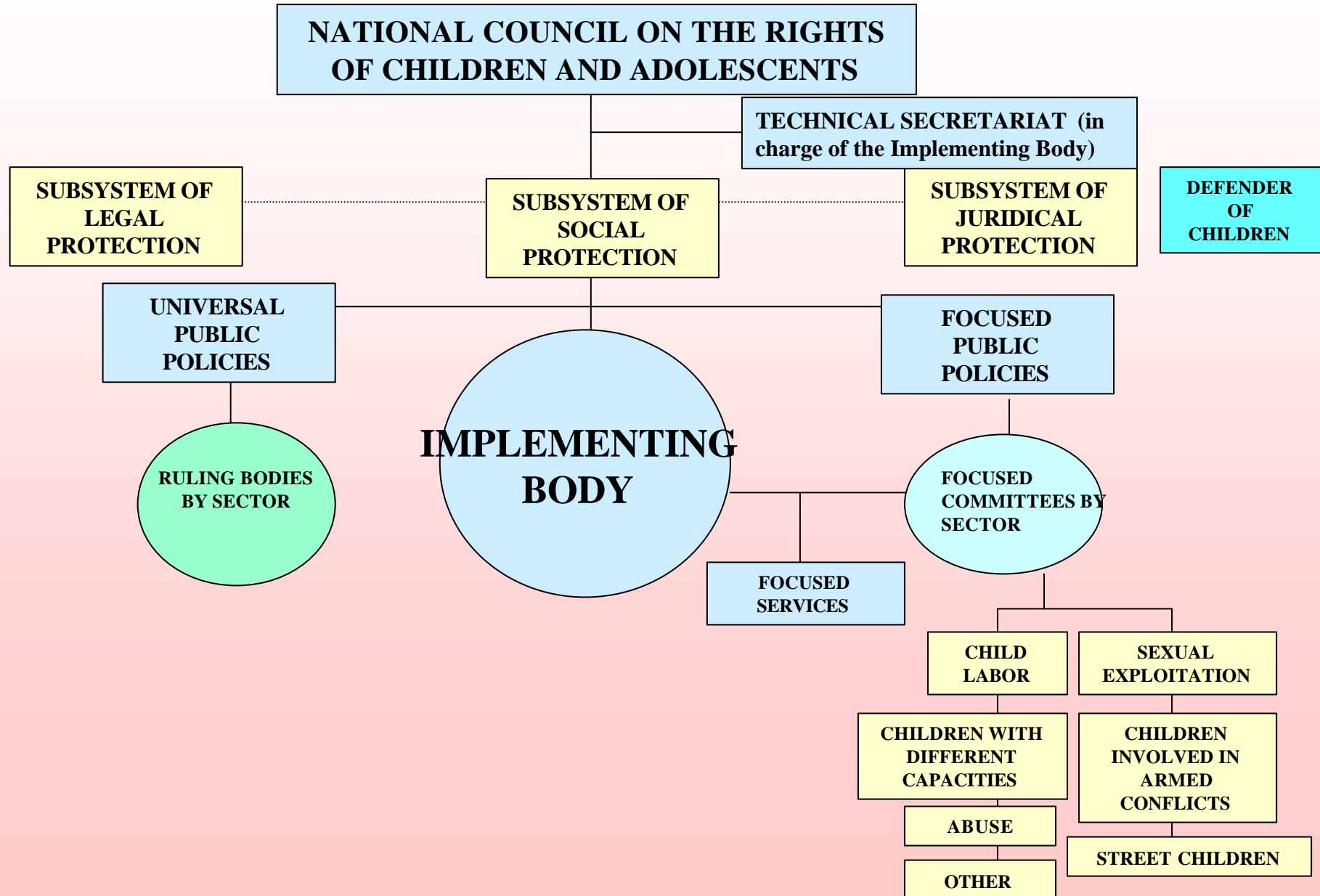
OTHER

# NATIONAL SYSTEM FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

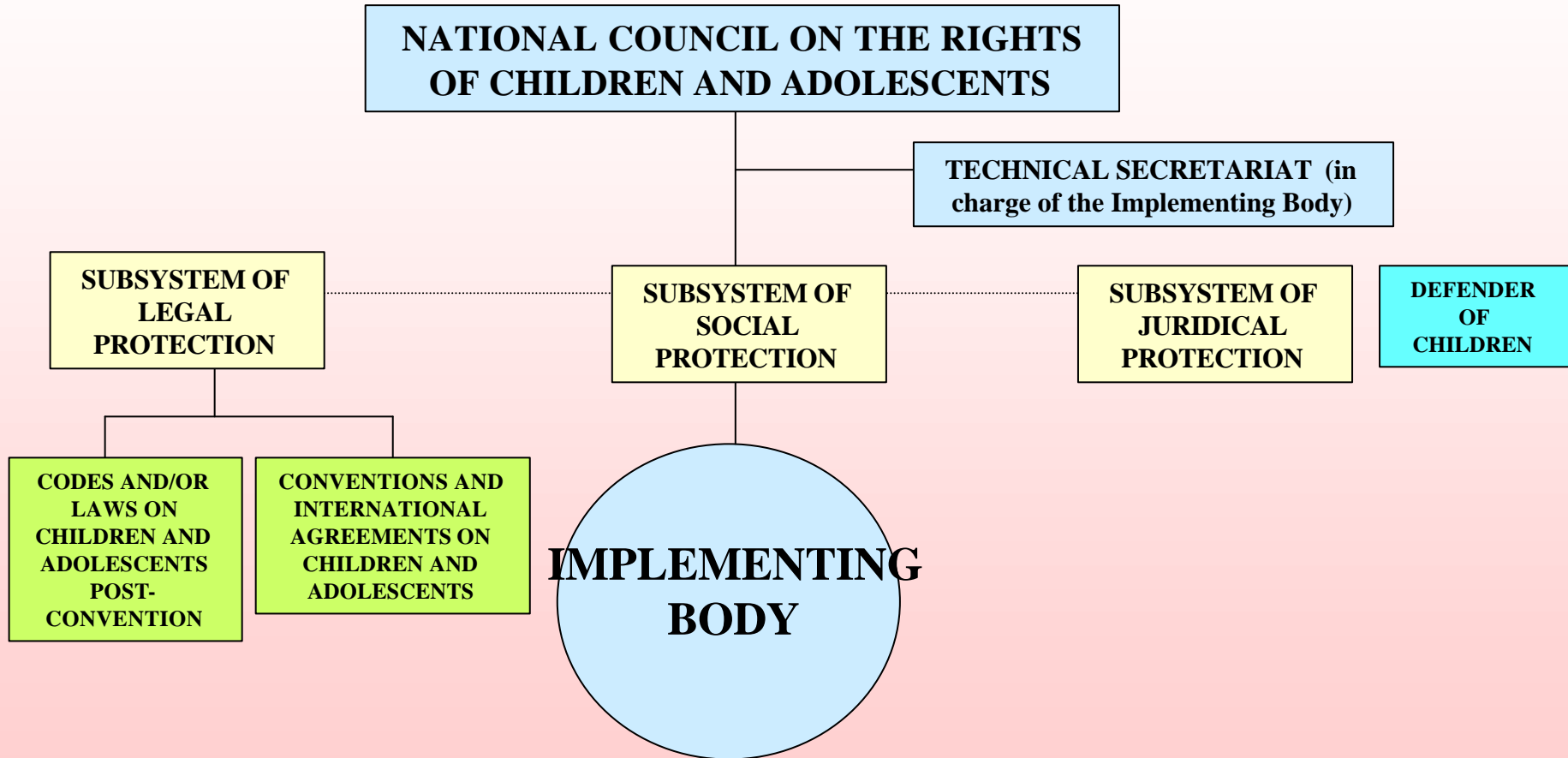




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